



Zimmer® NexGen®	
Trabecular Metal™	Fibial
Tray Surgical Techn	ique

Table of Contents

Resect the Tibia	2
Finish the Tibia	2
Drilling Peg Holes	5
Trial Fit	6
Component Implantation	7
Implant the Articular Surface	13

Resect the Tibia

Using any of the *NexGen* instrumentation systems listed and following the appropriate technique, establish the tibial cutting platform and resect the proximal tibia.

- MIS Multi-Reference® 4-in-1 Femoral Instrumentation System
- MICRO-MILL® Instrumentation System- Milling or 5-in-1 Saw Blade Option
- MIS Intramedullary Instrumentation System
- Epicondylar Instrumentation System
- MIS Quad-Sparing™
 Instrumentation System

Proceed with the following steps to finish the tibia for implanting the *Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal* Tibial Tray.

Finish the Tibia

Select the appropriate size (2-8)
Provisional Sizing Plate that provides
the desired tibial coverage. The Zimmer
NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray is
offered in sizes 2-8. If sizes outside of
this range are needed (sizes 1, 4+, 9
or 10), the standard NexGen tibial
components and corresponding articular
surface must be selected for use.

The Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal
Tibial Tray is only recommended for
use with articular surface thicknesses up
to 17mm. As such, it is strongly
recommended that a trial range of
motion to aid in tibial location be
performed prior to drilling the peg holes.
If a tibial tray with articular surface
height of greater than 17mm is required,
the standard NexGen Tibial Components
must be utilized.

- The tibia can be finished prior to trial reduction if the implant position will be chosen based on anatomic landmarks.
- Alternatively, the femoral and articular surface provisionals, in combination with the sizing plate, can be used to perform a trial range of motion to aid in determining appropriate tibial rotation.

Position Based Anatomic Landmarks

Attach the Offset Sizing Plate Handle to the selected *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Sizer. The handle should be inserted on the medial side of the sizing plate to provide clearance for the patellar tendon. *Note: If lateral incision is used, then attach to lateral side of the* Trabecular Metal *Tibial Sizer.* Extend the lever on the handle and engage the tabs on the handle with the grooves on the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Sizer by positioning the lever away from the centerline of the sizer, and clamp the lever to secure (Fig. 1).

Note: This instrument contains several moving parts. If trigger becomes hard to engage, apply instrument lubrication.

Note: Do not impact or lever the Offset Sizing Plate Handle; this instrument is designed for alignment purposes only.



Fig. 1

In extension, place the knee in valgus to view or palpate the lateral side of the tibia to check Sizing Plate fit laterally. Be sure that the component is properly positioned rotationally. Tibial Plate rotation and varus/valgus alignment can be checked by inserting the Alignment Rod through the hole or slot in the handle of the Offset Sizing Plate Handle (Fig. 2). There are two options available for use of the alignment rod (Fig. 3).

- Slot check varus/valgus and rotational alignment
- Round hole check slope of tibial cut (distal end of rod should point to second metatarsal).

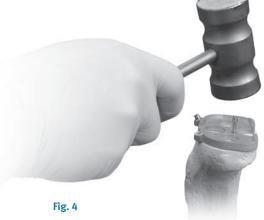
After the Sizing Plate position has been chosen, secure the plate with a Short-head Holding Pin. When utilizing an anterior pin hole, a second pin should be inserted into the proximal hole on the opposite side of the sizing plate to assure plate stability (Fig. 4). Verify that the sizing plate is in uniform contact with the resected tibia (no gaps).

Technique Tip - when pinning the Trabecular Metal Tibial Sizer to the bone through the anterior angled pin holes, verify the posterior edge of the Trabecular Metal Tibial Sizer does not lift-off from the bone from over tightening/seating.





Fig. 3



Position Based on Trial Range of Motion

Prepare the patella. (See existing NexGen Patella surgical technique for additional information). Select the proper size *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Sizer. Ensure that the plate chosen provides the desired tibial coverage. Insert the proper Femoral Provisional, Patellar Provisional, Tibial Sizing Plate, and Articular Surface Provisional. Select the color and/or alphanumeric designation of Articular Surface Provisional that is the same as the match chosen for the Femoral Provisional and *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Sizer. Ensure soft tissue balance is appropriate. Flex and extend the knee with the provisionals in place. With proper soft tissue balancing complete, the tibial component tends to seat itself in the position where it best articulates with the femur.

Note: If the alphabetic and numeric sizes are not on the Articular Surface Provisional Component, then use the color code to match the Trabecular Metal Tibial Sizer. If there is no match between the Femoral Provisional and Trabecular Metal Tibial Sizer, adjust the size of the Trabecular Metal Tibial Sizer to obtain a match.

After this process has occurred, mark the position of the component with methylene blue, electrocautery, or by placing a Short-head Holding Pin in the sizing plate anteriorly (Fig. 5 & 6).





Remove the Articular Surface
Provisional and pin the sizing plate in
place with a Short-head Holding Pin.
It is recommended to use one anterior
pin hole and one hole on the opposite
side of the sizing plate on the plate face
to assure plate stability (Fig. 7). Ensure
that the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Sizer
remains in the proper position when
pinning. Remove the Offset Sizing Plate
Handle from the *Trabecular Metal*Tibial Sizer.

Technique Tip: when pinning the Trabecular Metal Tibial Sizer to the bone through the anterior angled pin holes, verify the posterior edge of the Trabecular Metal Tibial Sizer does not lift-off from the bone from over tightening/seating. Ensure the Articular Surface Provisional is appropriately sized with the corresponding femoral & tibial components.



Drilling Peg Holes

The *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Drill Guide has two distinct ends that dictate the appropriate drill depth for either the central boss or the two hexagonal pegs (Fig. 8).

- Utilize the side of the drill guide that has a hexagonal profile when drilling for the two 16mm hexagonal posts.
- Use the side of the drill bushing that has a cylindrical profile when drilling for the cylindrical central boss.

With the Sizing Plate still pinned in position, place the appropriate end of the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Drill Guide (10.7mm) into the corresponding hole of the Sizing Plate and insert the 10.7mm Drill with Stop until it bottoms out on the Drill Guide.

Technique Tip: The holes must be drilled straight (90° to the resected tibial surface). Because the Trabecular Metal Tibial Drill Guide has a slight taper where it engages with the Sizing Plate, applying a small axial force will help ensure that the Drill Guide is oriented correctly. Angulation of the holes may prevent the Tibia from seating properly.

Warning: Once you have drilled the three holes for the NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray you cannot crossover to a Trabecular Metal Monoblock Implant (the hole locations are not compatible).



Fig. 8

Trial Fit

Re-insert all provisionals and check the range of motion and joint stability (Fig. 9). In addition, insure that the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Sizer is in uniform contact with the resected tibia. If any undesired gaps are present, remove the trial component and adjust the bone cuts until a good intimate fit is obtained. Perform any necessary soft tissue releases. After the trial reduction is complete, remove all provisionals.



Fig. 9



Component Implantation

After the implants have been chosen, make a final check to ensure that the size chosen for the Femoral, *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Tray, and Tibial Articular Surface Components are compatible sizes.

Assembling the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Impactor

To assemble the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Impactor (Fig. 10):

- Push to snap the impactor pads into the impactor body.
- Turn the driver counterclockwise to thread the actuating pad into the impactor body.

NOTE: Replacement Impactor Pads (PN 00-5953-056-06) are available for order in the event that a pad is misplaced or damaged.



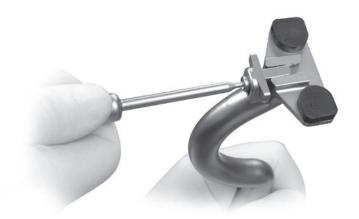




Fig. 10 Use driver to thread <u>counterclockwise</u> to engage actuator

To attach the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Impactor to the implant (Fig. 11):

Turn the driver counterclockwise to move the actuating pad toward the front of the impactor. Leave the actuating pad roughly one full thread revolution from the front of the impactor to allow clearance between the push-off feature dovetail of the tibial component.

Place the dovetail connection of the impactor around the tibial plate dovetail clearing the inside of the anterior rail. For small sizes, you will need to angle the Impactor into place. Make sure that the blue plastic pads are in place and flush against the top face of the tibial plate.

Using the driver, tighten the actuating pad by turning the screw clockwise until the impactor is firmly mated with the tibial tray).



Use driver to thread counterclockwise



Leave slight gap for dovetail clearance



Tilt handle back to clear anterior rail and slide body over the tibial plate dovetail







Fig. 11

Thread **clockwise** until the actuating pad is flush against the anterior rail and the implant is securely mated to the impactor

To remove the impactor, turn screw counterclockwise until the screw is fully seated at which point the "push-off" mechanism disengages the impactor from the implant

Technique Tip: Inverting the Trabecular Metal Tibial Impactor on the back table may assist in engagement of the Tibial





The Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray may be implanted with or without bone cement (cemented or cementless options).

Cementless Implantation Option

Prior to implantation of a Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray, the resected tibial bone surface must be flat and free of bone debris and fragments. Also, when using the cementless option, the patient's bone quality must be assessed for density and quality to insure adequate support and fixation of the Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray. Bone stock of insufficient quality and/or density may not be capable of adequately supporting the component. If the bone stock is of questionable quality or density, the NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray should be cemented to the proximal tibia.

The tray is inserted with the knee fully flexed and the proximal tibia advanced anteriorly. The two hexagonal-shaped Trabecular Metal pegs must be axially aligned with the prepared holes in the proximal tibia, the chamfered ends of the Trabecular Metal pegs aid in initial engagement of the implant and the prepared tibia. After initial engagement of the NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray with bone and prior to impaction via the Trabecular Metal Tibial Impactor, insure that the inferior surface of the implant and proximal tibia are parallel with respect to each other and that the Trabecular Metal pegs are perpendicular to the proximal tibia. Once this visual check is performed, the Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray may be impacted into place (Fig. 13).





Note: After impaction, it is extremely important to insure that the Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray is in uniform contact with the resected tibia, and that no gaps are present between the implant and bone, or fixation, support and/or stability may be insufficient (Fig. 14).



Fig. 14

Cemented Implantation Option

The Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray is implanted with cement between the baseplate and bone only; the Trabecular Metal pegs are implanted without bone cement (cementless). Bone cement should be applied in the doughy state in order to control its application to the Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray and/or bone. Bone cement is applied directly onto the Trabecular Metal base plate of the NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray in a uniform fashion; care must be taken to insure a consistent and continuous cement layer is applied to the Tibial Tray. Cement Masks are provided in the instrument set for covering the Trabecular Metal pegs; the Cement Masks prevent bone cement coming in contact with the Trabecular Metal pegs (Fig. 15). Bone cement may also be applied to the proximal tibia; the cement masks can be used to occlude the prepared holes and prevent the egress of bone cement (Fig. 16). Once the cement has been applied to the Tibial Tray, the two hexagonal-shaped Trabecular Metal pegs are axially aligned with the prepared holes of the proximal tibia, and the Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray is inserted into the holes. After initial engagement of the Trabecular Metal pegs and prior to impaction via the Trabecular Metal Tibial Impactor, insure that the inferior surface of the implant and proximal tibia are parallel with respect to each other and that the Trabecular Metal pegs are perpendicular to the proximal tibia. Once this visual check is performed, the Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray may be impacted into place.

After impaction, it is extremely important to insure that the cemented interface between the *Trabecular Metal* Tibia Tray and resected tibial bone is of uniform thickness and consistency. Excess bone cement must be removed from the periphery of the *Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal* Tibial Tray, and there must be no bone cement on the top surface of the tibial tray.



Fig. 15



Fig. 16

Removing the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Impactor

To remove the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Impactor, loosen the actuator pad by turning the screw **counterclockwise** fully (Fig. 17) (until the impactor pad is flush with the front of the impactor) and the Impactor will disengage from the implant (Fig. 18 & 19). The self release feature of the impactor will help prevent any disruption of implant preparation.

Note: Fully support the NexGen MIS Trabecular Metal Tibial Impactor prior to instrument removal to prevent disruption of the peg to bone interface due to the weight of the impactor.



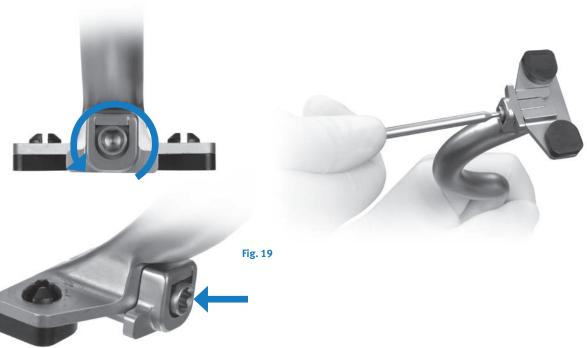
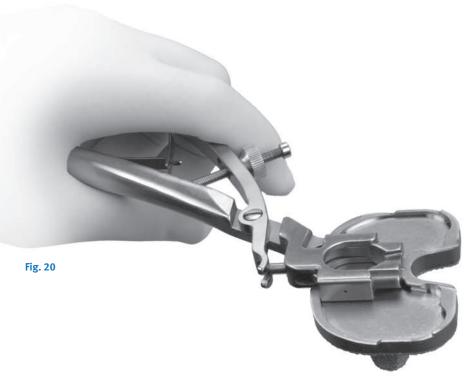


Fig. 17

Optional Insertion Method Using the Locking Plate Inserter Prior to Impaction

When utilizing a *Quad-Sparing* incision with minimal exposure it may be preferable to insert tibial implant with the knee in extension. Attach the Locking Plate inserter to the appropriate *NexGen Trabecular Metal* Tibial Tray (Fig. 20).

- Release the screw lock.
- Place the dovetail connection of the Locking Plate Inserter around the tibial plate dovetail. The handle should be positioned away from the patella. For small sizes, you will need to angle the Locking Plate Inserter into place. Make sure that the bottom face of the instrument is against the top face of the tibial plate.
- Squeeze the handles together to lock the instrument onto the tibial plate.
- Tighten the screw lock.
- Once the tibial has been inserted, remove the Locking Plate Inserter and attach the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Impactor (reference page 8)
 Take care not to damage the prepared post hole while attaching the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Impactor.



Implant the Articular Surface

Once you have implanted the appropriately-sized femoral and patellar components and allowed the bone cement to set (if utilizing the cemented implantation option), perform a trial reduction to identify the desired articular surface thickness to best balance the soft tissues.

Technique for the Articular Surface Assembly

The Articular Surface Insertion Instrument applies both downward and posterior forces to help seat the articular surface onto the tibial tray. Push the lever on the inserter fully to either side. Engage the hook on the insertion tool with the mating slot in the front of the plate and close the lever with your index finger. This should lock the insertion tool to the tray. Place the articular surface onto the implant tray, engaging the dovetails. Steady the surface on the tray with one hand by applying downward pressure near the posterior cruciate cutout. Squeeze the handles of the insertion tool to seat the articular surface (Fig. 21). Open the lever and remove the insertion tool. Insert an articular surface only once. Never reinsert the same articular surface onto a tibial tray. Insertion and removal of an articular surface will deform the polyethylene.

Note: To help stabilize the NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray, the articular surface can be inserted with the knee in extension.



Uses of the *Trabecular Metal*Tibial Tray Flex Articular Surface Locking Screw

If Flex implants are being used and the articular surface thickness is 17mm, the following technique describes use of the *NexGen Trabecular Metal* Tibial Tray Flex Articular Surface Locking Screw (Fig. 22).

Note: A locking screw is not required for 10, 12, and 14mm articular surfaces.

Warning: Do not use the NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray with the 20mm or 23mm Flex Articular Surfaces. The fixation integrity is unknown.

Warning: Do not use LCCK Articular Surface components with the NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray – they were not designed to be compatible.



Technique for the assembly of the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Tray Flex Articular Surface Locking Screw in vivo.

 Discard the screw included with the Tibial Articular Surface. Open a Flex Articular Surface Locking Screw as this screw will be used with the Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray (Fig. 23). Place the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial
 Tray Flex Articular Surface Locking
 Screw through the hole in the Tibial
 Articular Surface Component.
 Manually thread in until fully seated
 with knurled 4.5mm Hex Driver
 Bit (Fig. 25).



Fig. 23

Note: when using Prolong™ Highly Crosslinked Polyethylene Articular Surface components, the metal locking insert must be assembled prior to proceeding.

Note: When using the secondary locking screw, the components may be assembled on the back table or in the patient; however, the Trabecular Metal Tibial Impactor will not engage the NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray with the articular surface in place.

 Attach the Flex Counter torque instrument to the tab in the anterior of the *Trabecular Metal* Tibial Tray (Fig. 24). (This is the same tab that the articular surface inserter tool attaches to.) Tighten the threaded screw on the Flex Counter torque instrument.



 Use the 95 in-lb Torque Wrench attached to the 4.5mm Hex Driver to torque the screw to 95 in-lb (Fig. 26)
 Use the Flex Counter torque to counter act the torque. Do not over-torque or under-torque (Fig. 27).



Fig. 26



Recheck the ROM and stability of the knee.

Prior to closure, the surgical site should be thoroughly cleansed of bone chips, bone cement, and any other debris. Foreign particles at the articular interface may cause excessive wear.

Please refer to package insert for complete product information, including contraindications, warnings, precautions, and adverse effects.

Femoral Implantation

After the Zimmer NexGen Trabecular Metal Tibial Tray is in place, the NexGen CR or NexGen LPS Femoral Component may be inserted per the associated surgical technique. The knee should be flexed to 90°, and the femoral component impacted in place.



Fig. 24

Please refer to the package insert for product information, including contraindications, warnings, and precautionary information.

Contact your Zimmer representative or visit us at www.zimmer.com



